117th CONGRESS 1st Session



To establish the National Deepfake and Digital Provenance Task Force, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

_____ introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To establish the National Deepfake and Digital Provenance Task Force, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Deepfake Task Force5 Act".

6 SEC. 2. NATIONAL DEEPFAKE AND DIGITAL PROVENANCE

- 7 **TASK FORCE.**
- 8 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- 9 (1) DIGITAL CONTENT FORGERY.—The term
 10 "digital content forgery" means the use of emerging

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1	technologies, including artificial intelligence and ma-
2	chine learning techniques, to fabricate or manipulate
3	audio, visual, or text content with the intent to mis-
4	lead.
5	(2) DIGITAL CONTENT PROVENANCE.—The
6	term "digital content provenance" means the
7	verifiable chronology of the origin and history of a
8	piece of digital content, such as an image, video,
9	audio recording, or electronic document.
10	(3) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
11	ty" means—
12	(A) a private sector or nonprofit organiza-
13	tion; or
14	(B) an institution of higher education.
15	(4) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The
16	term "institution of higher education" has the
17	meaning given the term in section 101 of the Higher
18	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
19	(5) Relevant congressional commit-
20	TEES.—The term "relevant congressional commit-
21	tees" means—
22	(A) the Committee on Homeland Security
23	and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and

1	(B) the Committee on Homeland Security
2	and the Committee on Oversight and Reform of
3	the House of Representatives.
4	(6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
5	the Secretary of Homeland Security.
6	(7) TASK FORCE.—The term "Task Force"
7	means the National Deepfake and Provenance Task
8	Force established under subsection (b)(1).
9	(b) Establishment of Task Force.—
10	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, in co-
11	ordination with the Director of the Office of Science
12	and Technology Policy, shall establish a task force,
13	to be known as "the National Deepfake Provenance
14	Task Force", to—
15	(A) investigate the feasibility of, and obsta-
16	cles to, developing and deploying standards and
17	technologies for determining digital content
18	provenance;
19	(B) propose policy changes to reduce the
20	proliferation and impact of digital content for-
21	geries, such as the adoption of digital content
22	provenance and technology standards; and
23	(C) serve as a formal mechanism for inter-
24	agency coordination and information sharing to
25	facilitate the creation and implementation of a

1	national strategy to address the growing threats
2	posed by digital content forgeries.
3	(2) Membership.—
4	(A) Co-chairpersons.—The following
5	shall serve as co-chairpersons of the Task
6	Force:
7	(i) The Secretary or a designee of the
8	Secretary.
9	(ii) The Director of the Office of
10	Science and Technology Policy or a des-
11	ignee of the Director.
12	(B) Composition.—The Task Force shall
13	be composed of 12 members, of whom—
14	(i) 4 shall be representatives from the
15	Federal Government, including the co-
16	chairpersons of the Task Force;
17	(ii) 4 shall be representatives from in-
18	stitutions of higher education; and
19	(iii) 4 shall be representatives from
20	private or nonprofit organizations.
21	(C) APPOINTMENT.—Not later than 120
22	days after the date of enactment of this Act,
23	the co-chairpersons of the Task Force shall ap-
24	point members to the Task Force in accordance

1	with subparagraph (A) from among technical
2	experts in—
3	(i) artificial intelligence;
4	(ii) media manipulation;
5	(iii) digital forensics;
6	(iv) secure digital content and deliv-
7	ery;
8	(v) cryptography; or
9	(vi) related subjects.
10	(D) TERM OF APPOINTMENT.—The term
11	of a member of the Task Force shall end on the
12	date described in subsection $(g)(1)$.
13	(E) VACANCY.—Any vacancy occurring in
14	the membership of the Task Force shall be
15	filled in the same manner in which the original
16	appointment was made.
17	(F) EXPENSES FOR NON-FEDERAL MEM-
18	BERS.—Members of the Task Force described
19	in clauses (ii) and (iii) of subparagraph (B)
20	shall be allowed travel expenses, including per
21	diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized
22	for employees under subchapter I of chapter 57
23	of title 5, United States Code, while away from
24	their homes or regular places of business in the
25	performance of services for the Task Force.

1	(c) Coordinated Plan.—
2	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Task Force shall de-
3	velop a coordinated plan to—
4	(A) reduce the proliferation and impact of
5	digital content forgeries, including by exploring
6	how the adoption of a digital content prove-
7	nance standard could assist with reducing the
8	proliferation of digital content forgeries;
9	(B) develop mechanisms for content cre-
10	ators to—
11	(i) cryptographically certify the au-
12	thenticity of original media and non-decep-
13	tive manipulations; and
14	(ii) enable the public to validate the
15	authenticity of original media and non-de-
16	ceptive manipulations to establish digital
17	content provenance; and
18	(C) increase the ability of internet compa-
19	nies, journalists, watchdog organizations, other
20	relevant entities, and members of the public
21	to—
22	(i) meaningfully scrutinize and iden-
23	tify potential digital content forgeries; and

1	(ii) relay trust and information about
2	digital content provenance to content con-
3	sumers.
4	(2) CONTENTS.—The plan required under para-
5	graph (1) shall include the following:
6	(A) A Government-wide research and de-
7	velopment agenda to—
8	(i) improve technologies and systems
9	to detect digital content forgeries; and
10	(ii) relay information about digital
11	content provenance to content consumers.
12	(B) An assessment of the feasibility of,
13	and obstacles to, the deployment of technologies
14	and systems to capture, preserve, and display
15	digital content provenance.
16	(C) An assessment of the feasibility of, and
17	challenges in, distinguishing between—
18	(i) benign or helpful alterations to
19	digital content; and
20	(ii) intentionally deceptive or obfus-
21	cating alterations to digital content.
22	(D) A discussion of best practices, includ-
23	ing any necessary standards, for the adoption
24	and effective use of technologies and systems to

1	determine digital content provenance and detect
2	digital content forgeries.
3	(E) Conceptual proposals for necessary re-
4	search projects and experiments to further de-
5	velop successful technology to ascertain digital
6	content provenance.
7	(F) Proposed policy changes, including
8	changes in law, to—
9	(i) incentivize the adoption of tech-
10	nologies, systems, open standards, or other
11	means to detect digital content forgeries
12	and determine digital content provenance;
13	and
14	(ii) reduce the incidence, proliferation,
15	and impact of digital content forgeries.
16	(G) Recommendations for models for pub-
17	lic-private partnerships to fight disinformation
18	and reduce digital content forgeries, including
19	partnerships that support and collaborate on—
20	(i) industry practices and standards
21	for determining digital content provenance;
22	(ii) digital literacy education cam-
23	paigns and user-friendly detection tools for
24	the public to reduce the proliferation and

1	impact of disinformation and digital con-
2	tent forgeries;
3	(iii) industry practices and standards
4	for documenting relevant research and
5	progress in machine learning; and
6	(iv) the means and methods for identi-
7	fying and addressing the technical and fi-
8	nancial infrastructure that supports the
9	proliferation of digital content forgeries,
10	such as inauthentic social media accounts
11	and bank accounts.
12	(H) An assessment of privacy and civil lib-
13	erties requirements associated with efforts to
14	deploy technologies and systems to determine
15	digital content provenance or reduce the pro-
16	liferation of digital content forgeries, including
17	statutory or other proposed policy changes.
18	(I) A determination of metrics to define
19	the success of—
20	(i) technologies or systems to detect
21	digital content forgeries;
22	(ii) technologies or systems to deter-
23	mine digital content provenance; and

1	(iii) other efforts to reduce the inci-
2	dence, proliferation, and impact of digital
3	content forgeries.
4	(d) CONSULTATIONS.—In carrying out subsection (c),
5	the Task Force shall consult with the following:
6	(1) The Director of the National Science Foun-
7	dation.
8	(2) The National Academies of Sciences, Engi-
9	neering, and Medicine.
10	(3) The Director of the National Institute of
11	Standards and Technology.
12	(4) The Director of the Defense Advanced Re-
13	search Projects Agency.
14	(5) The Director of the Intelligence Advanced
15	Research Projects Activity of the Office of the Direc-
16	tor of National Intelligence.
17	(6) The Secretary of Energy.
18	(7) The Secretary of Defense.
19	(8) The Attorney General.
20	(9) The Secretary of State.
21	(10) The Federal Trade Commission.
22	(11) The United States Trade Representative.
23	(12) Representatives from private industry and
24	nonprofit organizations.

1	(13) Representatives from institutions of higher
2	education.
3	(14) Such other individuals as the Task Force
4	considers appropriate.
5	(e) Staff.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—Staff of the Task Force
7	shall be comprised of detailees with expertise in arti-
8	ficial intelligence or related fields from—
9	(A) the Department of Homeland Security;
10	(B) the Office of Science and Technology
11	Policy;
12	(C) the National Institute of Standards
13	and Technology; or
14	(D) any other Federal agency the co-chair-
15	persons of the Task Force consider appropriate
16	with the consent of the head of the Federal
17	agency.
18	(2) Other Assistance.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—The co-chairpersons of
20	the Task Force may enter into an agreement
21	with an eligible entity for the temporary assign-
22	ment of employees of the eligible entity to the
23	Task Force in accordance with this paragraph.

1	(B) Application of ethics rules.—An
2	employee of an eligible entity assigned to the
3	Task Force under subparagraph (A)—
4	(i) shall be considered a special Gov-
5	ernment employee for the purpose of Fed-
6	eral law, including—
7	(I) chapter 11 of title 18, United
8	States Code; and
9	(II) the Ethics in Government
10	Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.); and
11	(ii) notwithstanding section 202(a) of
12	title 18, United States Code, may be as-
13	signed to the Task Force for a period of
14	not more than 2 years.
15	(C) FINANCIAL LIABILITY.—An agreement
16	entered into with an eligible entity under sub-
17	paragraph (A) shall require the eligible entity to
18	be responsible for any costs associated with the
19	assignment of an employee to the Task Force.
20	(D) TERMINATION.—The co-chairpersons
21	of the Task Force may terminate the assign-
22	ment of an employee to the Task Force under
23	subparagraph (A) at any time and for any rea-
24	son.
25	(f) TASK FORCE REPORTS.—

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(1) INTERIM REPORT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which all of the appointments have been made under subsection (b)(2)(C), the Task Force shall submit to the President and the relevant congressional committees an interim report containing the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of the Task Force.

9 (B) CONTENTS.—The report required 10 under subparagraph (A) shall include specific 11 recommendations for ways to reduce the pro-12 liferation and impact of digital content for-13 geries, including the deployment of technologies 14 and systems to determine digital content prove-15 nance.

16 (2) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than 180 days 17 after the date of the submission of the interim re-18 port under paragraph (1)(A), the Task Force shall 19 submit to the President and the relevant congres-20 sional committees a final report containing the find-21 ings, conclusions, and recommendations of the Task 22 Force, including the plan developed under subsection 23 (c).

24 (3) REQUIREMENTS.—With respect to each re25 port submitted under this subsection—

1	(A) the Task Force shall make the report
2	publicly available; and
3	(B) the report—
4	(i) shall be produced in an unclassi-
5	fied form; and
6	(ii) may include a classified annex.
7	(g) TERMINATION.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Task Force shall termi-
9	nate on the date that is 90 days after the date on
10	which the Task Force submits the final report under
11	subsection $(f)(2)$.
12	(2) Records.—Upon the termination of the
13	Task Force under paragraph (1), each record of the
14	Task Force shall become a record of the National
15	Archives and Records Administration.